

IN THE CLAIMS:

Please substitute amended claims 1, 18, 19 and 20 as follows:

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1. (Third Amended) A multiphoton excitation scanning laser microscope, comprising:

- (a) a station for placing a sample to be observed;
- (b) a laser beam source for emitting a pulse laser beam for exciting said sample to cause the sample to emit a fluorescent light by multiphoton excitation phenomenon;
- (c) a detector for detecting said fluorescent light; and
- (d) an optical system for forming an optical path of said pulse laser beam for guiding said pulse laser beam from said laser beam source to said sample, said optical system including:
  - a pre-chirp compensator disposed on said optical path such that the pulse laser beam passes therethrough, and preset to provide said pulse laser beam with a certain amount of pre-chirp compensation, said pre-chirp compensator comprising optical elements which cause components of the pulse laser beam to be emitted in order of wavelength such that shorter wavelengths are emitted earlier than longer wavelengths,
  - a plurality of objective lenses adapted to be selectively placed on said optical path for collecting the pulse laser beam on the sample,
  - a revolver for switching the objective lenses, and

a correcting mechanism for correcting an optical path length of said optical path so as to be constant no matter which of said objective lenses is selectively placed on said optical path,

wherein said correcting mechanism comprises at least one optical correcting element adapted to be selectively placed on said optical path in accordance with which of said objective lenses is selectively placed on said optical path, and

wherein said certain amount of pre-chirp compensation provided by said pre-chirp compensator is set to prevent a pulse width of said pulse laser beam from widening due to a wavelength range of a pulse of said pulse laser beam when said pulse laser beam passes through said optical path whose optical path length is kept constant.

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18. (Second Amended) A multiphoton excitation scanning laser microscope, comprising:

(a) a station for placing a sample to be observed;

(b) a laser beam source for emitting a pulse laser beam for exciting said sample to cause the sample to emit a fluorescent light by multiphoton excitation phenomenon;

(c) a detector for detecting said fluorescent light; and

(d) an optical system for forming an optical path of said pulse laser beam for guiding said pulse laser beam from said laser beam source to said sample, said optical system including:

a pre-chirp compensator disposed on said optical path such that the pulse laser beam passes therethrough, and preset to provide said pulse laser beam with a certain amount of pre-chirp compensation, said pre-chirp compensator comprising optical  
15 elements which cause components of the pulse laser beam to be emitted in order of wavelength such that shorter wavelengths are emitted earlier than longer wavelengths,

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20 a plurality of objective lenses adapted to be selectively placed on said optical path for collecting the pulse laser beam on the sample,

a revolver for switching the objective lenses, and  
a correcting mechanism for causing an optical path length of said optical path to be constant no matter which of said objective lenses is selectively placed on said optical path,

25 wherein said correcting mechanism comprises an optical correcting element whose optical path length is adjustable by applying different voltages in accordance with which of said objective lenses is selectively placed on said optical path, and

30 wherein said certain amount of pre-chirp compensation provided by said pre-chirp compensator is set to prevent a pulse width of said pulse laser beam from widening due to a wavelength range of a pulse of said pulse laser beam when said pulse laser beam passes through said optical path whose optical path length is kept constant.

19. (Second Amended) A multiphoton excitation scanning laser microscope, comprising:

(a) a station for placing a sample to be observed;

(b) a laser beam source for emitting a pulse laser beam for exciting said sample to cause the sample to emit a fluorescent light by multiphoton excitation phenomenon;

(c) a detector for detecting said fluorescent light; and

(d) an optical system for forming an optical path of said pulse laser beam for guiding said pulse laser beam from said laser beam source to said sample, said optical system including:

a pre-chirp compensator disposed on said optical path such that the pulse laser beam passes therethrough, and preset to provide said pulse laser beam with a certain amount of pre-chirp compensation, said pre-chirp compensator comprising optical elements which cause components of the pulse laser beam to be emitted in order of wavelength such that shorter wavelengths are emitted earlier than longer wavelengths,

a plurality of objective lenses adapted to be selectively placed on said optical path for collecting the pulse laser beam on the sample,

a revolver for switching the objective lenses, and

a correcting mechanism for causing an optical path length of said optical path to be constant no matter which of said objective lenses is selectively placed on said optical path,

25 wherein said correcting mechanism comprises an optical  
correcting element whose optical path length is adjustable by  
applying different pressures in accordance with which of said  
objective lenses is selectively placed on said optical path, and  
wherein said certain amount of pre-chirp compensation  
30 provided by said pre-chirp compensator is set to prevent a pulse  
width of said pulse laser beam from widening due to a wavelength  
range of a pulse of said pulse laser beam when said pulse laser  
beam passes through said optical path whose optical path length  
is kept constant.

20. (Second Amended) A multiphoton excitation scanning  
laser microscope, comprising:

(a) a station for placing a sample to be observed;

(b) a laser beam source for emitting a pulse laser beam for  
5 exciting said sample to cause the sample to emit a fluorescent  
light by multiphoton excitation phenomenon;

(c) a detector for detecting said fluorescent light; and

(d) an optical system for forming an optical path of said  
pulse laser beam for guiding said pulse laser beam from said  
10 laser beam source to said sample, said optical system including:

a pre-chirp compensator disposed on said optical path  
such that the pulse laser beam passes therethrough, and preset to  
provide said pulse laser beam with a certain amount of pre-chirp  
compensation, said pre-chirp compensator comprising optical

15 elements which cause components of the pulse laser beam to be emitted in order of wavelength such that shorter wavelengths are emitted earlier than longer wavelengths,

20 a plurality of objective lenses adapted to be selectively placed on said optical path for collecting the pulse laser beam on the sample,

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cont*  
a revolver for switching the objective lenses, and  
a correcting mechanism for causing an optical path length of said optical path to be constant no matter which of said objective lenses is selectively placed on said optical path,

25 and

wherein said certain amount of pre-chirp compensation provided by said pre-chirp compensator is set to prevent a pulse width of said pulse laser beam from widening due to a wavelength range of a pulse of said pulse laser beam when said pulse laser  
30 beam passes through said optical path whose optical path length is kept constant.

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